STATE OF CONNECTICUT



INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Testimony of the Connecticut Insurance Department

before the Insurance and Real Estate Committee

Tuesday, March 15, 2011

Raised Bill 1158 – An Act Concerning Utilization Review, Grievances and External Appeals Process of Health Carriers

The Insurance Department submits this testimony relating to Raised Bill 1158 - An Act Concerning Utilization Review, Grievances and External Appeals Process of Health Carriers which has been raised at the request of the Insurance Department. The Department would like to thank the Committee for raising this bill on our behalf. My name is Beth Cook and I am Legal Counsel at the Connecticut Insurance Department.

The Insurance Department is proposing to amend current utilization review, grievance and external appeal statutes to adopt the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Models as a means of more fully complying with the requirements of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L.111-148) (PPACA) as amended.

Sec. 2719 of the Public Health Service Act (PHSA) as amended by PPACA, requires that group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance must implement an effective appeals process for appeals of coverage determinations and claims that complies with federal procedures set forth at section 2560.503-1 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, as published on November 21, 2000 (65 Fed. Reg. 70256).

Group health plans and health insurance issuers of group and individual health plans are also required to comply no later than July 1, 2011, with a state external review process that, at a minimum, includes the consumer protections set forth in the Uniform External Review Model Act (EA Model) promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) model, or the plans and health insurance issuers will be subject to the federal programs established and administered by the US Department of Labor.

While the Department has amended the relevant statutes over the last few years to achieve more uniformity with the NAIC Models, in mid-January of this year, the US Health and Human Services Department (HHS) reviewed the existing State of Connecticut external appeal statutes and determined that the Connecticut statutes were not sufficiently compliant with all of the consumer protections in the most recent version of the NAIC EA Model and is requiring the Department to amend the Connecticut law to bring it into more substantial compliance in order to maintain state authority over external appeals. The consumer protections identified by HHS as needing revision would extend timeframes for consumers to file internal and external appeals and grievances, establish more liberal exhaustion procedures and expand the categories of adverse determination with a strict adherence to the NAIC Model for consumer protections in order to maintain state control of the process. Because of the dependency and interrelationships of the external appeal process on the utilization and grievance processes,

we are also seeking to amend our utilization review statute and grievance statutes with those NAIC Models to ensure that these processes, which include new consumer protections for processes such as retrospective review and denials of other than medical necessity blend with the external appeal model. Attached to this testimony is a reference sheet that identifies the changes we are proposing to make to current statutes.

This has been an enormous drafting task and we want to thank the Committee's LCO attorney, Kumi Sato, for her work on this bill. The bill before you is still a work in progress. In fact, last Friday, March 11, HHS notified the Department that HHS is monitoring this legislative proposal and has identified changes we must make to satisfy federal requirements. HHS has made it very clear that they are watching this and our other PPACA proposals very closely for conformity to the federal law and if we do not enact proposals they believe meet the federal requirements, they will move to exempt state oversight where they have the right to do so. We look forward to working with you and all interested parties to put in place a final version that will fully satisfy the requirements of HHS and make certain that Connecticut maintains control of the external appeal processes for our consumers.

Thank you once again for raising this bill on our behalf and I would be happy to answer any questions you may have.

An Act Concerning Utilization Review, Grievances and External Appeals Processes of Health Carriers

General Provision

	General Provisions	
Provision	Current Law	Proposed Bill (new requirements in italics)
Eligibility	Medical necessity denials for:	Medical necessity denials for:
•	 Refusal to certify admission 	 Refusal to certify admission
	Denial of Service or Procedure	 Denial of Service or Procedure
	 Refusal to certify extension of stay 	 Refusal to certify extension of stay
	• Experimental & Investigational	Experimental & InvestigationalEligibility to participate in health plan
	Non-medical necessity denials (contractual denials) • Internal Appeals Rights	Non-medical necessity denials (contractual denials) • Same
	No eligibility for External Review	• Same • Rescissions
Health Plan Eligibility for External Review	 Fully insured Connecticut sitused individual and group health plans Medical, dental, vision 	• Same
	 Self-funded Connecticut municipal/state plans 	 Must participate in Federal External Review Program; cannot use state programs
	 DSS Programs (by MOU) → Charter Oak, Husky B, CT Pre-existing Conditions Plan 	• Same
Time Limit for Filing Internal Appeal	Based on health plan guidelines	• 180 days
Time Limit for Filing External Review	 60 Days from Final Internal Appeal Denial 	120 Days from Final Internal Appeal Denial
Judicial Remedies Beyond External	 Binding on all parties 	 Notice of availability to File a Civil Suit in a Court of Competent Jurisdiction (Denials)
Review		Notice of Voluntary Alternative Dispute Resolution Options (Appeals)

Expedited Reviews

D-2-2-3-1	Expedited Keviews	Droposed Bill
Expedited Review	Eligibility	Eligibility
•	 May cause or exacerbate an emergency or life threatening situation 	 Would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the covered person or would jeopardize the covered person's ability to regain maximum
		• For Internal Appeals & External Reviews — Experimental/Investigational denials entitled to expedited appeal if doctor certifies that "treatment would be significantly less effective if not promptly initiated".
	 Eligible for External Review prior to exhausting Internal Appeals 	• Same
	 Initial Health Plan Determinations Decision in (2) Business Days Continued stay in acute care hospital – (3) hours 	 Initial Health Plan Determination Decision in 24 hours Same
	 Internal Appeal Decision in (2) Business Days 	Internal Appeal • Decision in 72 hours
	External Review • Decision in (5) Business Days	External Review Same

Standard Internal Appeals

Decricion	Charact Low	Proposed Bill
Internal Appeal Levels	Group Health Plans	Group Health Plans
	 Based on health plan guidelines. May include (1) or (2) levels of internal appeals 	 Requirements established for (1) level Internal Appeals
	 Individual Health Plans Based on health plan guidelines. May included (1) or (2) levels of internal 	Individual Health Plans • Limited to (1) Level of Internal Appeal
Timeframes	Prospective or Concurrent Services requiring pre-authorization • Decision – (2) Days • Internal Anneal determinations – (30) Days	 Prospective or Concurrent Services Decision – (15) Days Internal Appeal determination – (30) Days
	 Services that do not require pre-authorization Claims paid in (45) Days Internal Appeal determination (60 Days) 	Retrospective Services • Decision – (30) Days • Internal Appeal determination – (60) Days
		<u>Administrative Grievances</u> • Internal Appeal determination — (20) Days
		Rescissions Internal Appeal determination — (15) Days
Failure of Health Plan	Statutory interest payable for late claim payments Detential fines for non-compliance payments Detential fines for non-compliance	• Same
	during CID Market Conduct Reviews.	 Internal Appeals deemed exhausted – immediately eligible for External Review

Standard External Review

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Provision	Current Law	Proposed Bill
External Review -	Notification of External Review	Notification of External Review
Standard Timeframes	• (5) Business Day	• (1) Business Day
	Preliminary Review & Determination of Eligibility • (5) Business Days	Preliminary Review & Determination of Eligibility • (5) Business Days
	Final Decision • (30) Business Days	Final Decision • (45) Days
Failure of Health Carrier to Meet Timeframes	• None	 If health carrier fails to submit their medical appeals file to External Review entity within prescribed time frame, External Review entity may terminate the External Review and reverse the denial of benefits.